





## ALLIES PREPARED TO MEET EXPECTED GERMAN ATTACK

Chicago.—The Marques of Lothian said in a speech that in the British view "everything to-day points to the probability Germany will attempt early this spring to gain a decision against England and France by a terrific attack by land, air and sea in which she will use every weapon in her armory."

In his address to the Chicago council on foreign relations, the British ambassador to Washington said the Allies were ready to meet the attack.

"We are in no way dismayed by the prospect," he said. "We in the British government are prepared for it as France is, morally, physically . . . We believe that we shall successfully repel the German attack and that if it is repelled as it was in 1918, it will not be long before Hitlerism itself goes down in defeat. But we have no illusions as to the terrible nature of the clash if and when it comes . . ."

If Hitler wins all the societies which are trying to think out how the present catastrophe can be prevented from recurring can "shut up shop at once," Lord Lothian said.

He believed that in some form the four foundations of the "wonderful century" from 1815 to 1914, in which there were some local wars but no devastating world war, would have to be restored.

In that century nation after nation achieved freedom and prosperity. The foundations upon which it rested were:

"—All the main currencies were based on gold and, therefore, were interchangeable on a stable basis.

"—British Empire and a good deal of the rest of the world was free trade or on low tariff so that capital and goods could flow freely everywhere.

3.—The new world, and especially the United States, was still an open field for immigration so that the population pressures of the old world then at their worst because of the high birth rate, could find relief.

"—And the most important of all, there was a rudimentary police power in the world, the control of the sea by Great Britain and the United States which made world war—though not local war—impossible until some other nation was strong enough to challenge their power on the seas."

These foundations were challenged by imperial Germany at the beginning of the century. They are being challenged by Hitler again today.

"But the 19th century system can now be restored in its old form. In the first place, economically the world has advanced beyond laissez faire, whether in trade or migration. In the second place, if itself Britain neither can nor ought to play by herself the dominant role she played in the last century. The rights of new naval nations and the rise of air power makes that impossible. And sea power should be in the hands of the democracies and not of one power.

"Even at this moment, if we face honestly the facts, our present safety to-day rests upon the fact that we control the Atlantic and you control the Pacific. Neither we nor you nor the overseas republics and dominions would be secure if either of us was left to act alone."

### Must Use Newscasts

German Hotels And Restaurants Ordered To Tune Them In Loudly

Berlin.—German news broadcasts are to be part of the service of all hotels and restaurants now—whether the guests like it or not.

An order compelling all hoteliers and eating places to tune in Nazi newscasts, regularly and loudly, has been issued by Hermann Easer, head of the German Travel Association. Easer's order was said to be made because certain guests recently had talked loudly and didn't pay any attention to the Nazi news broadcasts.

### Protest From Russia

London.—The press bureau of the Soviet Russian embassy charged that "fantastic" anti-Soviet inventions" unparalleled since 1919, were being circulated from "Helsingfors, Copenhagen, Oslo, Stockholm and other centres."

### Visiting New Zealand

London.—The Marques of Willingdon, former governor-general of Canada, and the Marchioness of Willingdon left for New Zealand by air. Lord Willingdon is to represent the United Kingdom at the New Zealand centenary celebrations.

### Challenge To Civilization

Mr. Hon. H. B. Bennett Says Call Has Been Headed By Empire

New York.—Mr. H. B. Bennett, former prime minister of Canada, said in an address that the Empire is at war because "Christian civilization has been challenged as never before in its history."

The "elder statesman" en route back to his home in England, after a visit to his native Dominion, received a rousing ovation from an audience of some 200 members of the Canadian Club of New York to whom he spoke at a luncheon arranged in his honor. Mr. Bennett spoke vigorously despite a severe cold which he contracted in Montreal.

He spoke of the gratitude and pride with which the people of Great Britain heard the declarations of the dominions that they would stand side by side with the motherland in the war.

"The call has been headed," he said. "The people of the Empire were determined to be allowed to work out their destiny without domination, with freedom and with liberty. These dominions would not be lightly discarded."

"Government must understand that present leadership make it impossible to say that central Europe is Christian. Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, the motherland and the French empire have accepted the challenge in defence of Christian civilization."

Mr. Bennett felt that the Empire and its Allies could count upon the sympathy of the United States which had so generously contributed to the relief of Finland and Poland.

He believed that the effort Britain had made in the last eight months to prepare for war and to wage war was the greatest endeavor of its kind in the world's history.

### Stuck To His Post

R.A.F. Operator Sent Vital Messages Although Fingers Were Frost-Bitten

London.—A Royal Air Force wireless operator who stuck to his post and sent vital messages although his fingers were badly frost-bitten while his plane was on reconnoitering duty three miles up in 30-below-zero weather over Germany has been admitted to a military hospital and may lose several of his fingers.

Doctors said frostbite would end in amputation of one finger of his left hand and the terminal joints of all fingers of his right hand.

For half an hour he kept his transmitter going while the observation plane, which he was wireless man in radio room, was engaged in its mission under heavy anti-aircraft fire high above a German naval base.

He transmitted data as fast as the observer recorded it, including position of two warships, a destroyer and a submarine.

Despite acute pain, he stuck to his post and was able, on the return trip, to obtain wireless bearings, which guided the plane back to a successful landing after five hours in the air. He was rushed to a hospital as soon as the plane landed.

### Why Russian Army Fails

Vatican Newspaper Gives Reasons For Soviet's Recent Defeats

Vatican City.—The Russian army "is an army without ideas," it is enslaved by dictatorship and guided by incompetents," the Vatican newspaper *Osservatore Romano*, said in a long article on the shortcomings of the Soviet military machine.

"Soviet prestige will be noticeably discredited on the chequered board of Europe," the *Osservatore* commented after recounting recent Soviet defeat, which "seriously diminishes the military prestige of the U.S.S.R. and reveals the great deficiencies of the Soviet army."

The *Osservatore* attributed the Russian failure to the following deficiencies:

1. Lack of patriotism among the fighters.
2. Lack of efficient officers and specialists on the military staffs.
3. Chronic lack of military supplies.
4. Lack of lines of communication and of means of supply.

Behind all these deficiencies, the *Osservatore* said, lie the leveling of the individual and the class struggle—the two essential objectives of Communism, which result in "waging war with individual heroism and extinguishing the idea of the nation."

### New Training Plane

New York.—The Curtiss-Wright Corporation, plane and motor manufacturers, announced the production in quantity of a new all-metal, military training plane with a top speed of 210 miles an hour. The machine, being produced for an unnamed foreign government, is designed for the training of combat pilots. 2341

### U.S. Program

Recommendations To Congress By U.S. President

Washington.—Here in brief is the program recommended to the United States congress by President Roosevelt:

1. Additional taxes to finance "emergency" expenditures for national defence.
2. Extension of the reciprocal trade agreements act "as an indispensable part of the foundation of any stable and durable peace."
3. Increased appropriations for national defence, but reductions in "practically all other important items" of the federal budget.
4. Continued search for a solution of the unemployment problem.
5. Development of a spirit of national unity, in congress and elsewhere.

### Aid For Finns

Ottawa Government Discusses Best Methods To Be Used

Ottawa.—Methods by which Canada may best send economic aid to the distressed people of Finland are receiving consideration of the government, Prime Minister Mackenzie King said.

This was one of the questions taken up at cabinet council. These discussions do not envision actual participation by Canada in the defense of Finland against Russian invasion but concern the question of supplies and forms of relief such as have been organized in both Canada and the United States.

The prime minister indicated the government might lend aid to the Red Cross Society in its efforts to aid the Finnish people.

## REPORT GERMANY MAY LEND AID TO RUSSIAN ARMY

Berlin.—Nazi Germany's public was told for the first time of the possibility of a general war over Finland.

An editorial commentary from the Soviet Russian military organ, *Krasnaya Svetla*, was reprinted by the controlled press with approving German comments added to it. This accused the British of "plotting with Italy to widen the scope of war with Germany and said the western Allies, with this in mind, had encouraged Finland to resist Russia."

The press did not say that Germany might find herself on Russia's side in the north, but, judging by past practices of German propaganda, the comment was regarded by observers to be intended as a warning for a subsequent and more positive attitude of support for the Reds.

It is known that Britain and France aid to Finland is being scrutinized carefully and informed sources have left no doubt in the minds of foreign inquirers that Germany will not stand idly by in the event Britain and France should send troops to help fight the Russians.

The press also reproduced demands by French newspapers urging that Allied troops be sent to Finland and, aided, warships to the Black Sea, and demanded reports of heavy Anglo-French naval concentrations in Western Asia.

A story dated Brussels, quoted French newspapers as saying France had offered to send 10,000 Alpine troops to Finland.

Any such action, authoritative German said, would "force" Germany to "take an active hand in the Russo-Finnish conflict." The same sources said any help Norway or Sweden might give Britain and France in getting troops or arms to Finland would be deemed a breach of neutrality.

Sir William T. Cosgrave, former president of the Irish Free State and leader of the Fine Gael opposition party, claimed the measures the government was asking were unconstitutional. He said Prime Minister de Valera should ask for a constitutional amendment instead.

Mr. de Valera's program to combat the I.R.A. is a 25-line Emergency Powers Act by which any person "whose liberty may be a menace to public safety" may be interned by the government without trial.

—That at least 100 persons were involved in a raid on the Phoenix park arsenal Dec. 23 in which more than 1,000,000 rounds of ammunition were seized.

—That the I.R.A. had a well-equipped explosives laboratory in the Killiney district of Dublin where men were taught how to make bombs.

—That the I.R.A. had large sums of United States money and large quantities of ammunition at its disposal.

—William T. Cosgrave, former president of the Irish Free State and leader of the Fine Gael opposition party, claimed the measures the government was asking were unconstitutional. He said Prime Minister de Valera should ask for a constitutional amendment instead.

Mr. Cosgrave's program to combat the I.R.A. is a 25-line Emergency Powers Act by which any person "whose liberty may be a menace to public safety" may be interned by the government without trial.

Mr. Cosgrave in his attack on the bills declared the government now is "reaping the fruits of seeds sown in the last 17 years" and should resign because it was "the laughing stock of the world."

Mr. de Valera's own goal and that of the I.R.A. are basically the same: to unite Ireland. Ireland, now a part of the United Kingdom, with Eire. Mr. de Valera, however, shuns the violent means adopted by the I.R.A. and has been seeking to maintain good relations with Britain.

The government disclosed that Mr. de Valera had urged the British government to commute the sentences of Peter Barnes and James Richards who were condemned to death at Birmingham, England, in connection with an I.R.A. bombing at Coventry last Aug. 25.

Guarded closely by units of the Irish army, the Dail meeting was closed to all but a few members of the public.

The above map shows the location of the earthquake in Turkey which killed thousands, according to reports, and wiped out many villages and cities. The disturbance was centered in Anatolia province with cities of Samos, Sivas, Tokat and Amasia hardest hit.



The above map shows the location of the earthquake in Turkey which killed thousands, according to reports, and wiped out many villages and cities. The disturbance was centered in Anatolia province with cities of Samos, Sivas, Tokat and Amasia hardest hit.

### RESIGNS POST



Dr. Allan R. Dafoe, guardian of the Dionne Quintuplets, has tendered his resignation to the Ontario Government. It is understood that Dr. Dafoe will continue as the physician to the children.

### Ialty Was Impressed

By Recent British Proclamation Calling Men For Military Duty

Rome.—The royal proclamation notifying all Britons between 19 and 28 to be ready for military duty caused a sensation in Italy.

Newspapers reported the story from London under banner headlines and said the measure was evidence of Great Britain's determination to achieve maximum military power. Italian correspondents in London emphasized the proclamation would permit Britain to have nearly 3,500,000 men under arms during the present year.

The proclamation also was viewed here as Britain's reply to reports of forthcoming peace proposals from either Germany or the neutrals. Italian observers said a new German peace offensive would have little chance of success because of the attitude prevailing in France and Great Britain.

### For Greater Safety

Britain Not Using Camouflage On Historic Buildings And Cathedrals

London.—Britain's cathedrals and historic buildings won't be camouflaged during the war, the ministry of home security has decided.

After consulting church authorities and experts, the ministry concluded irreducible damage might be caused by camouflage.

Officials said too many well known buildings and cathedrals can be recognized from the air by their characteristic planning and position, even if the roofs were disguised. In addition, it was declared application of any treatment which could be regarded as camouflage might give the enemy opportunity to suggest the building was being used for military purposes.

### Taking Needed Rest

British Ambassador To Russia Going Home For Holiday

London.—The departure of Sir William Steeds from his post as British ambassador to Moscow is neither permanent nor connected with impending publication of a British white paper on Anglo-Russian relations, which was said in well-informed diplomatic sources.

Sir William, it was said, has been on duty for more than a year without leave and he is returning to Britain only for a much-needed holiday. He left Moscow Jan. 2.

### Britain Maintains Tonnage

Encouraging Situation At Sea Received By Admiralty Report

Ottawa.—The national defence department declares the British Admiralty announcement of mercantile shipping losses "reveals an encouraging situation at sea."

The average figure over a 16-week period shows that for British merchant shipping only the weekly loss has been 25,500 tons, the department said.

The average weekly gain by new construction and otherwise has been 25,000 tons during the same period and "in other words," Great Britain is maintaining her cargo-carrying position as to tonnage."

The weekly rate of loss for British and neutral shipping during the period was 44,000 tons. "As a percentage of total ships convoyed, the loss by sinking has been unacceptably small, namely 2-10 of one per cent," tribute to the convoy system," the statement said.

### St. Lawrence Project

Informal Negotiations Opened With U.S. Government

Ottawa.—Informal negotiations have been opened with the United States government looking toward agreement on a project to develop the St. Lawrence river deep waterways and power resources. Prime Minister Mackenzie King said at a press conference.

When asked if there was any likelihood that legislation on this subject would be introduced at the forthcoming session of parliament, the prime minister said the first move probably would be made in the U.S. senate.

The prime minister confirmed newspaper reports of the negotiations, which have been proceeding with the Ontario government since early last year in which the two administrations have been seeking a basis for agreement to present to the United States.

## TAKE MEASURES TO DEAL WITH THE OUTLAWED I.R.A.

Dublin.—Prime Minister de Valera's special powers bill to combat the outlawed Irish Republican Army was passed in third reading by the Dail Eireann. The vote was 92 to 9. Senate approval will make the bill law.

While rumors of possible disorders circulated in the country, Justice Minister Gerald Boland asked the special session of the parliament to adopt bills granting power to intern I.R.A. suspects without trial.

He asserted that police and military authorities had unearthed these facts concerning the I.R.A.:

—That at least 100 persons were involved in a raid on the Phoenix park arsenal Dec. 23 in which more than 1,000,000 rounds of ammunition were seized.

—That the I.R.A. had a well-equipped explosives laboratory in the Killiney district of Dublin where men were taught how to make bombs.

—That the I.R.A. had large sums of United States money and large quantities of ammunition at its disposal.

—William T. Cosgrave, former president of the Irish Free State and leader of the Fine Gael opposition party, claimed the measures the government was asking were unconstitutional. He said Prime Minister de Valera should ask for a constitutional amendment instead.

Mr. de Valera's program to combat the I.R.A. is a 25-line Emergency Powers Act by which any person "whose liberty may be a menace to public safety" may be interned by the government without trial.

Mr. Cosgrave in his attack on the bills declared the government now is "reaping the fruits of seeds sown in the last 17 years" and should resign because it was "the laughing stock of the world."

Mr. de Valera's own goal and that of the I.R.A. are basically the same: to unite Ireland. Ireland, now a part of the United Kingdom, with Eire. Mr. de Valera, however, shuns the violent means adopted by the I.R.A. and has been seeking to maintain good relations with Britain.

The government disclosed that Mr. de Valera had urged the British government to commute the sentences of Peter Barnes and James Richards who were condemned to death at Birmingham, England, in connection with an I.R.A. bombing at Coventry last Aug. 25.

Guarded closely by units of the Irish army, the Dail meeting was closed to all but a few members of the public.

## ROUMANIA IS PUSHING WORK ON FORTIFICATIONS

Bucharest.—Roumania has intensified work on fortifications in the region adjacent to the Soviet Russian frontier.

This action coincided with Premier George Titarescu's assertion that Roumania would defend "to the last man" the provinces of Bessarabia and Bucovina which border Russia.

Worried a few months ago over the consequences of a Russian attack, Roumania moved most of her troops out of Bessarabia and established her first real line of defence along the river Pruth, some 60 miles behind the frontier.

But since seeing the results of the recent Finnish resistance the Bucharest government has moved some troops back to Bessarabia and officials here exhibit greater confidence in asserting that Roumania will not yield an inch of territory.

Bessarabia, like Finland, belonged to Czarist Russia before the first Great War.

Roumanian optimism born of Russian reverses in Finland are tempered by realization that in case of a Soviet attack Roumania would face many perils unknown to Finland.

Roumania would have no Arctic weather or glacial snows to help her. Bessarabia is an extension of the Russian steppes, easy to invade and difficult to defend.

More important is the possibility of simultaneous attacks by Hungary and Bulgaria to regain territories they claim from Roumania.

Hungarians have been asserting that if Russia entered Bessarabia Hungary would march into her old domain of Transylvania to get a natural frontier in the Carpathians, the only mountain barrier against a Soviet invasion deeper into Europe. The Hungarians say Italy and Yugoslavia would support them.

In this connection Foreign Minister Count Csaky of Hungary is now on a 10-day visit to Italy, presumably for a vacation. But diplomats say he will be in talks with Fausto Russo, director of the Italian Foreign Office, in the Balkans.

The present Bulgarian government has disavowed any intention of trying to get back from Roumania the war-torn territory of Dobruja. Nevertheless Bulgaria's attachment to Russia is increasing and Roumanians fear she may try to do so if urged and supported by Moscow. A Bulgarian trade delegation now is in Moscow.

Another Roumanian worry is the possibility of a German drive eastward, as was the case in the last war, to get Roumania's rich resources and possibly to block Russia in the Balkans.

To meet this contingency, Roumania is trying to satisfy German demands for supplies without impairing her own reserves or national economy and without offending Great Britain and France who have guaranteed her frontiers against German aggression.

### Might Sever Relations

Would Recall American Ambassador To Russia

Washington.—Legislation to bring about recall of the United States ambassador to Russia was introduced in the house of representatives by Representative Boiles (Rep.-Wisconsin).

Boiles proposed in a resolution that expenditures to maintain an embassy or diplomatic corps in Moscow be prohibited.

Boiles designed to give financial aid to recall Finland in its war with Russia also were introduced.

Representative Hook (Democrat-Michigan) proposed the secretary of the treasury be authorized to negotiate an immediate loan of \$60,000,000 to Finland. He also suggested interest paid by Finland on its debt to the United States be refunded.

### Leaves For Italy

Hungary's Foreign Minister Will Disclose Possible Invasion Move Into Balkans

Budapest.—Foreign Minister Count Csaky of Hungary left for a 10-day visit to Italy which diplomatic circles said would include talks with Fascist leaders on a possible Balkan move by Soviet Russia.

Diplomats said the talk probably would centre on what would happen if Russia marched into Romania's Bessarabia. Hungarian circles declared Italy would support a Hungarian advance to secure a Carpathian mountain bulwark against Russia if the Red army moved into the Balkans.



Subscription, to all parts of the Dominion, \$2.00 per annum; United States and Great Britain, \$2.50; Foreign, \$3.00, payable in advance.

Business, 15¢ per line.

Legal notices, 15¢ per line for first insertion; 12¢ per line for each subsequent insertion.

Display advertising rates on application.

W. J. BARTLETT, PUBLISHER

Blairstown, Alta., Fri., Jan. 12, 1940.

CANADA'S WAR FINANCING

In concert with the general policies pursued by Britain and France, Canada is seeking to avoid the financial and economic pitfalls which marked the last war; by cautious policy, now she seeks to avoid erratic and ruinous price movements during the war and complexities afterwards. It seems well recognized that the real material cost of war is paid in goods and services while the war is on. The monetary cost of those goods and services can be provided only out of the national income. The national income, of course, the sum total of the dollar value of the goods and services produced. As far as is reasonable, these monetary costs will be provided out of taxation. That part of the financial cost which current taxation cannot possibly provide can only be secured by rational borrowing—and the borrowing, just like the general cost of the war, should be spread as widely as possible over the whole population. This war—much more so than any war in history—is being fought on the economic front as well as on the military front. Sound principles demand a virtual "pay as you go" policy. In its borrowing, what the country really needs and aims to do is to borrow the real savings of the people at as low a rate of interest as is reasonable; to owe as little as possible of the monetary cost of the war when the war is done; and to owe it, chiefly if not entirely, to the people of this country. The country's bonds being held at home are thus quite unlikely to constitute any onerous or insoluble problem for the future. The earnings go to Canadian people who, of course, when the rate of interest is considered, will not wish to profit unduly out of the country's extremity. Borrowing the real savings of the people avoids entirely any course which would tend to convert a reasonable monetary expansion into an inflation. Canada seeks to finance the war effort in such a manner that tax increases may be borne without undue strain and without any material reduction in the standard of living for anybody. At the same time Canada seeks to carry out its reasonable borrowings to maintain maximum wartime productive effort without skyrocketing the price level and thus adding undue burdens to the cost of living. In other words, Canada is striving to avoid the economic pitfalls that the last war disclosed. She is seeking to protect the Canadian people by applying the lessons learned during and as a result of the last war; making use of the wider economic knowledge which now prevails and utilizing to the full the best advice of a corps of experts second to none in the world, found on the staff of the department of finance and of the Bank of Canada.

Heading in a Calgary paper reads: "800 lbs of Turkey Eaten by Kitties." Then, just to be mean, Bill remarks: "Well, why couldn't they eat that much? No one on earth this side of Mahatma Ghandi has such abdominal freedom!"

Announcement of the arrival of a baby boy to Mr. and Mrs. Sid. White has been made. Mr. White was able to resume his duties as teacher and vice-principal with the opening of the school term on Wednesday of last week. The heir's next birthday will be January 9th, 1941.

CANADA'S FIRST WAR LOAN

Ottawa, Jan. 5.—In preparation for Canada's first war loan effort of the new world war, a national war-loan committee and a national subscription committee are in progress of formation across Canada, and will be organized in time for the initial effort on the economic war front.

The national war-loan committee, under the chairmanship of the Hon. J. L. Ralston, K.C., M.P., minister of finance, will be composed of five former ministers of finance, Canada's nine provincial treasurers, and more than 200 representative citizens, resident from coast to coast. The five former ministers of finance are: the Rt. Hon. Sir Thomas White, the Hon. Sir Henry Drayton, the Rt. Hon. R. B. Bennett, the Hon. E. N. Rhodes and the Hon. Charles A. Dunning. The nine provincial treasurers are: Hon. Thane A. Campbell, P.E.I.; Hon. Angus L. Macdonald, Nova Scotia; Hon. C. T. Richard, New Brunswick; Hon. J. A. Mathewson, Quebec; Hon. Mitchell F. Hepburn, Ontario; Hon. Stuart S. Garson, Manitoba; Hon. W. J. Patterson, Saskatchewan; Hon. Solon E. Low, Alberta, and Hon. John Hart, British Columbia.

Mr. Dunning has also accepted the chairmanship of the national subscription committee, which will assist the national war-loan committee, and will be concerned with the securing of larger subscriptions of a na-

tional character. It will be responsible for organizing the work of canvassing the larger institutions and corporations, in addition to stimulating the broader sale of the bonds to the public. This committee will have the active co-operation of investment dealers throughout Canada, a number of whom have already done considerable work in the preliminary organization.

The first war loan will provide Canadians, as a whole, with their first opportunity to participate in Canada's war effort. To enable everyone to subscribe, it is indicated that bonds will have denominations as low as \$50 each for smaller subscriptions.

In announcing the acceptance by Mr. Dunning of the chairmanship of the national subscription committee, Mr. Ralston said: "Canada is indeed fortunate that Mr. Dunning has agreed to undertake this important task. His experience as minister of finance and also in connection with the victory loan campaign during the last war make him the ideal man for the job."

In bygone days it was the custom to wish the young ladies better luck during Leap Year, but when one person uses the wedding columns of the daily and weekly papers, this now appears to be entirely unnecessary. Leap Year or no leap year, the girls all appear to get their man—Drammer Review.

WAR CENSORSHIP OF PRESS, RADIO, MAIL

Although Canadians are scarcely aware of censorship, it is operative through all channels of communication. The main purposes are to prevent information reaching the enemy, and prevent anything adversely affecting Canada's war effort.

Each of the different agencies for transmitting information—the press, the radio, the mails, the movies, cable, telegraph and wireless, presents its own problem to censorship authorities. Each is attended to by officials representing different departments of government, who meet on the coordination committee for exchange of information and settlement of questions of policy.

Cable censorship, as distinguished from other forms, involves the reading of practically all messages leaving Canada. For example, a person sailing on a ship might cable a friend in England that he was arriving at a certain port on a certain date, unwittingly giving the enemy information which would enable them to torpedo the ship.

In press censorship on the other hand, there is no prior reading of news dispatches or editorial matter. Publishers, editors and writers have been advised of the regulations and are presumed to know what material is forbidden.

Whatever censorship of mails is re-

quired is attended to by post office department officials. John A. Sullivan, deputy postmaster-general, represents the department on the committee.

Practically all Canadian provinces maintain machinery for censorship of moving pictures and these authorities are relied upon to see that no undesirable matter reaches the public on the screen.

REV. JOHN WOOD, OF HILLCREST, ACCEPTS STAVELY APPOINTMENT

Rev. John Wood, who for several years has been in charge of United Church work at Hillcrest, has accepted appointment as minister to Stavely and Parkland congregations, filling the unexpired term of the late Rev. J. C. McLean, and preached his farewell sermon at Hillcrest on Sunday last.

He and his family left Hillcrest early this week for his new parish, and is followed by the best wishes of his numerous friends throughout this district.

Services at Hillcrest for the time being will be in charge of Rev. Richard A. Upton, of Bellevue.

Referring to a New Year dance, a newspaper remarks: "If the good spirits and friendliness that marked the party could just be carried on throughout the year," Yes, particularly the good spirits!

CANADIAN LEGION WAR SERVICES

(Official Weekly News Letter)

Members of Canada's armed forces who have enrolled for instruction in the various subjects being taught by the education branch of the Canadian Legion War Services, are finding the study of conversational and military German much more interesting than they had anticipated.

At Calgary, for example, a sort of "post-graduate" course has been instituted by Dr. Francis Owen, professor of modern languages in the University of Alberta, and with the help of a specially compiled text-book they are acquiring more than a sketchy knowledge of the subject.

Part of the course in German includes a list of questions for interrogating prisoners. If a Canadian wants to know a Nazi's name, he would say, "Wie heisst sie?" And if he wanted to get the prisoner's views of the war he would ask, "Was denken sie von der krieg?" which means "What do you think of the war?" It is not improbable that "Mochten sie eine cigarette haben?" which means "Would you like a cigarette?" will be asked frequently, if that mainstay of life is as scarce in Germany as reported.

Along military lines, the list includes such expressions as "Unterseeboot," for U-boat; "dassfuzzeug," for airplane, and "kontakt," for contact. In many cases the German expressions are nearly identical to the English. For example, "der general," "der fid-marschall" and "der gaskom." Others are superb tongue-twisters, "Maschinengewehrshutze," which means machine gun, and "artillerie-unterstutzung," for artillery support.

Canadian fighting men no doubt can "click their heels" a good deal faster than they'll ever be able to say it in German, for in that language it is "haken zusammenschlagen." "Attention" is a little easier, being "achtung." When they want to tell prisoners to put cigarettes and pipes out or to be careful, they will say "Zigaretten und pfeifen aus" and "vor-sicht."

One thing they are just now finding out, however, is that Herr Hitler hasn't a monopoly on the title "der führer." The same expression also applies to an airplane pilot. And "der kompanieführer," to mix things up a little, means company commander!

POLITICAL TRICKERY IN ALBERTA

Alberta's Social Credit government has been guilty of many misdemeanors, but one of the most scandalous is the use of public funds for purely political purposes.

Early in their career, Premier Aberhart and his associates made use of public funds to finance distribution of political propaganda. Now that an election is drawing near, they are at it again.

Apparently Premier Aberhart intends the Alberta taxpayer to finance his election campaign. Political pamphlets prepared by the Social Credit Board, and printed and distributed by the Government Publicity Bureau, are being given wide distribution. One such pamphlet, "The Records Tell The Story," has been distributed to the number of 15,000 or more. Yet the Edmonton Journal finds it on examination to be filled with the most flagrant misrepresentations. It is a deliberate piece of political propaganda paid for by public funds and bearing the Coat of Arms of the province.

Fortunately, Alberta has a live, independent press, which has been prompt in uncovering Mr. Aberhart's deception, and has not hesitated to expose this newest form of political trickery.—The Financial Post.

FOR ALL MOTORISTS

New Year's resolution Number One for all motorists should read something like this: "That I shall drive my car with carefulness, intelligence and courtesy."

# A Call TO SERVICE on the Economic Front

"Materials and money count for so much in this war that a resolute, loyal and enthusiastic economic front line may be the determining factor."

John Dunning  
MINISTER OF FINANCE

To your restless question "When can I help win this war?" — the answer is NOW. On Monday next, the Government of the Dominion of Canada will offer the First War Loan. The purpose of this Loan is to provide money to carry on the war, not only on the battlefields, but all along the Economic Front.

Let us explain what the Economic Front means. It means a war in which the entire natural, industrial and financial resources of the country are used to defeat the enemy. It means a "total war" in which every citizen takes a part, in which his personal resources must support those of the Nation.

In such a war, one of the chief weapons is money. Where is this money to come from? There is only one answer. It must come — and come voluntarily — from the savings of our people. The difference between us and the Germans is that we, of our own free will, lend our money — it is not ruthlessly taken away.

This is your opportunity to do your part in this struggle against Hitlerism. The eyes of the world are upon you, upon Canada, one of the strongest members of the British Commonwealth. Canadians must show that their strength, their courage and their resources are all in this fight against "brute force, bad faith, injustice, aggression and persecution."

The news of the success of this Loan must go ringing round the world.

Be ready to buy War Loan Bonds. They will have the proven safety and salability of Dominion of Canada obligations. Any Investment Dealer or Chartered Bank will take your subscription. The quicker the economic war is won, the greater will be the saving of human lives . . . the swifter the collapse of the enemy.

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA



## THE PASS EIGHTEEN YEARS AGO

(The Blairmore Enterprise, 1922)

Jan. 12. — Blairmore curling rinks have been reorganized, with the following as skips: Jack Hughes, Dr. Olivier, A. E. Ferguson, Joe McDougall, J. H. Farmer, W. Bird, L. L. Morgan, James Crowder, Dan McKay, J. E. Upton, J. B. Wilson and J. P. O'Neill.

A railway carload of beer was seized by the police at Blairmore this week, as it was being unloaded after midnight. Sergt. Nicholson was in charge of the police effort.

W. McVey has been elected deputy mayor of the town for the first quarter of 1922.

Firemen collected the sum of \$123.75 for fighting the fire which destroyed the Budd building and damaged neighboring property.

Linda, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Osborne, of Blairmore, was awarded a first prize in a beauty contest staged by the Famous Lasky Film Service of Toronto. Miss Osborne was now residing at High River.

W. H. Chappell was this week installed at W. M. of Rocky Mountain Lodge, A. F. & A. M., with A. R. Granger as secretary. R. Crichton was installed as W. M. of Sentinel Lodge at Hillcrest.

The members of the Lethbridge Hockey Club visited Mel Rhynas at the Blairmore hospital, presenting him with a bouquet of carnations. Mel met with an accident that will put him out of the goal posts for some time.

Protests were being registered against a proposal to draw irrigation water from Waterton Lakes.

Rev. Major W. R. Walker, on account of ill health, has decided to return to England. He and his family came to Blairmore a year ago from High River.

An audience of 1050 witnessed the Blairmore-Taber hockey game at the Blairmore arena this week, and 970 saw the Blairmore-Lethbridge tilt.

Bob Barnhill, who recently attended a Taxis and Trail Ranger rally at Edmonton, had charge of the United church service on Sunday night last, and gave a graphic account of the provincial boys' parliament session.

Blairmore was leading the six-team Crow Hockey League.

## I AM THE CALENDAR

I have two missions: one of utility, one of sentiment.

I am the symbol of time, combining the past, the present and the future.

All the world looks at me, talks about me, and regulates its business and social life by me.

No letter is ever written, no book ever published, no money ever coined, that does not bear my imprint. I am the one thing that the world must constantly consult.

I ask for display space in your place of business or your home. In return I guarantee to be useful, and I hope to be decorative.

I admit that in that space I will constantly work for my employer, telling you and your friends who they are and what they have to sell.

I am one of their salesmen, anxious to impress you favorably and to remind you tactfully on each day of the year that my employer values your business.

But I am more—I am their ambassador of good will; I carry their best wishes for your health, happiness and prosperity to you, their friends. —Ralph Clark-Rose.

It is estimated that 19 per cent of all the drivers involved in fatal accidents in the United States are guilty of speeding.

To give you an idea of the German mind, we quote the following recent statement by Dr. Robert Ley, the Nazi Labor Front leader: "The German race, that is our faith. A German laborer is worth more than an English lord. We have the divine right to rule, and we shall assure ourselves of that right."

## Social Credit Dividends

In a letter addressed to the taxpayers of Alberta, the provincial Liberal Association recently sent out the interesting figures quoted below. These figures are taken from the public accounts, therefore, they are absolutely correct. These figures also reveal that:

| Total payment to members of legislature | 1935         | 1939         | Increase |
|---|--------------|--------------|----------|
| Indemnities                             | \$178,402.66 | \$208,084.02 | 20%      |
| Sessional allowances                    | 112,571.60   | 128,780.40   | 14%      |
| Salaries of ministers                   | 4,185.00     | 4,075.00     | 12%      |
| Miscellaneous payments to members       | 48,305.46    | 50,500.00    | 4%       |
|   | 1,269.00     | 17,798.76    | 1300%    |

In the fiscal year of 1939, miscellaneous payments to members of the legislature totalled \$17,798.76. Fifteen Social Credit members received \$17-

The public accounts show:

|                                    | In 1938     | In 1939     | Total        |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| G. L. MacLachlan received          | \$ 6,048.22 | \$ 6,155.96 | \$ 12,204.18 |
| W. E. Hayes received               | 2,776.80    | 4,646.56    | 7,423.36     |
| F. M. Baker received               | 2,845.70    | 4,638.39    | 7,482.09     |
| A. J. Hoole received               | 2,212.20    | 4,615.75    | 6,828.95     |
| A. V. Bourcier received            | 2,189.89    | 3,587.40    | 5,777.20     |
| Mrs. Edith Gostick received        | 2,218.30    | 3,548.40    | 5,767.20     |
| Dr. J. L. Robinson received        | 2,425.05    | 3,371.90    | 5,796.95     |
| F. Anderson received               | 2,861.30    | 2,089.40    | 4,950.70     |
| Dr. J. L. McPherson received       | 2,790.40    | 2,640.00    | 5,430.40     |
| S. A. Berg received                | 2,715.00    | 2,085.50    | 4,800.50     |
| D. Lush received                   | 2,715.30    | 2,321.20    | 5,037.00     |
| W. Mason received                  | 2,501.60    | 2,080.80    | 4,582.40     |
| W. R. King received                | 2,531.40    | 2,201.10    | 4,732.10     |
| W. Tomy received                   | 2,194.00    | 2,288.80    | 4,482.80     |
| E. O. Duke received                | 2,406.45    | 2,069.10    | 4,602.55     |
| H. Ingrey received                 | 2,391.65    | 2,274.20    | 4,665.85     |
| Hon. L. Maynard received           | 3,070.00    | 7,825.00    | 15,895.00    |
| J. H. Unwin received               | 2,324.00    | 2,070.00    | 4,394.00     |
| N. B. James received               | 2,411.00    | 2,106.50    | 4,517.90     |
| R. E. Anley received               | 2,182.00    | 2,208.00    | 4,390.00     |
| W. Sharpe received                 | 2,261.40    | 2,246.70    | 4,508.10     |
| Payments to Social Credit Experts: |             |             |              |
| G. F. Powell received              | 3,618.73    | 4,350.46    | 7,969.19     |
| L. D. Byrne received               | 7,499.00    | 6,000.00    | 13,499.00    |
|                                    | \$72,198.80 | \$77,347.72 | \$149,541.52 |

Deducting the statutory indemnities from this grand total leaves a payment to these men of \$47,930.42 in the two years. This would provide the daily pay of one hundred and one privates in the Canadian army for one year. A return in the house on March 21st, 1938, shows the total payments to G. F. Powell between September 2nd, 1937, and February 2nd, 1938, as \$3,618. This payment is for a period of approximately five months. At the close of the five

months, Mr. Powell commenced a six-months' term in Fort Saskatchewan jail for defamatory libel, serving approximately three months. Upon his release he received a bonus of \$4,000. L. D. Byrne is under contract for a period of years at a remuneration of \$6,000 a year. In addition to this remuneration he received special travelling expenses from Great Britain. We defy anyone to name one service Mr. Byrne has given which is of benefit to the people of Alberta.

## HOW TO GET ALONG WITH YOURSELF

If you are finding difficulty in getting along with yourself and others, you may be helped by reading the paragraphs that follows:

To be able to face the daily requirements of life with equanimity and a confidence that one is equal to the challenge of the day, or at least capable of accepting defeat philosophically.

To be able to face realities, not run away from them through subterfuge.

To be able to take one's place in everyday life without more than occasional friction in relationships with other persons.

To be able to look with reasonable tolerance upon the annoyances which are inevitable in every life.

To want to win, but to be able to lose gracefully.

To cherish no grudges.

To seek advancement, but without feverish grasping for more wealth, power, fame or success than one has capacity to win or to lose.

To be able to laugh at oneself, perhaps the greatest evidence of a well-controlled mind.

To accord to others a right to their own viewpoints and ideas.

Ralph Moody, blacksmith at the Red Deer Valley Coal Co. Mine at Nacmine, dropped dead on Thursday last. He was well known as a baseball umpire, and was 32 years of age.

A competition will take place at the next regular meeting of the Blairmore Tobacco Spitters' Society. A number of complaints from business people and private citizens against spits improperly placed will be considered at the meeting. John Humung is president, and Bill Beattie all secretary-treasurer.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL ITEMS

Bathbrick is very good for scouring an extremely filthy face and neck. Try it!

"Seeing Eye" dogs may be carried in cabins of Trans-Canada Air Lines planes with their masters.

Jerry says a lie that's unbelievable isn't really classed as a lie. Most fishing and hunting stories are unbelievable.

Mr. and Mrs. Lorenzo "Sonny" Richards, of Bellevue, are rejoicing over the advent of a daughter on Monday.

A number of friends were guests of Mr. and Mrs. James R. Warner on Friday evening last to celebrate Old Christmas.

Mr. and Mrs. Burpee Steeves, formerly of Coleman, spent New Year's with Dr. and Mrs. W. C. McNichol at High River.

Mrs. F. E. King was down from Calgary to spend part of the Christmas season with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. Bond.

Forty-three C.C.F. candidates will be on the field when Alberta elections roll around. Already twenty-three have been named.

Before leaving for Calgary last week end, a number of the boys in khaki were dinner guests of Mr. J. A. Brusset at the Greenhill Grill.

The Clareholm Local Press remarks: "After two weeks of turkey diet, it sure seems nice to set one's teeth into a tender piece of beefsteak."

A large portion of the main floor of the Alberta block has been converted into storage space for second-hand cars by the Crows' Nest Pass Motors.

E. L. Richardson, for thirty-four years connected with the Calgary Exhibition and Stampede, as manager, has resigned to be succeeded by J. Jameson Miller.

The old separate school building at Macleod is likely to be demolished. The material would be used in occupying improvements around the Catholic Indian mission near Brocket.

Mrs. Catherine Rose, of Hillcrest, was the guest of Mrs. R. D. Doyle at Clareholm for the New Year week end, they two being University of Alberta graduates of the same year.

More than \$12,000,000 of principal has been written off Alberta farmers' debts by boards of review appointed by the Dominion government under the Farmers-Creditors Arrangement Act of 1934.

A married man with another man's wife looked out on the exit platform of an Alberta dance hall, he singing "Stay in my arms, darling!" and she shouting "I'll be glad when you're dead, you rascal!"

As far back as 1634, Jacques Cartier, the intrepid French navigator, took back with him to the king of France gold nuggets he had obtained in trade from the natives of what is now Eastern Canada.

Courtesy put: A clever old gentleman, in dictating an indignant letter, said: "Sir, my stenographer, being a lady, cannot take down what I think of you; I, being a gentleman, cannot express it; but you, being neither, can readily divine it."

For prices will be stabilized by the Dominion government, who will aid producers to market their pelts during the war. Fur breeders will be guaranteed the 1938 level of \$16 for fox pelts and \$11 for mink. A selling agency, to be used at the option of the breeders, will be organized.

The remains of Mrs. Lucia Zoll, who died in the early part of last week at Bellevue, were laid to rest in Bellevue Catholic cemetery, following services conducted by Rev. Father O'Dea. The late Mrs. Zoll is survived by a son, Bruno, and a daughter, both residing in Bellevue. She was a native of Italy and was in her fifty-fifth year.

## SOMETHING WRONG SOMEWHERE

Surely something is radically wrong when a person can ascend a platform in Alberta, or anywhere in Canada, and announce that the banned "Western Clarion" is not only to be circulated in Blairmore and The Pass, but eventually will be printed in The Crows' Nest Pass.

The general opinion is that the person making such statement knows a whole lot about the Clarion's circulation in this district.

It is only about seven weeks ago that a local lady solicited a subscription from The Enterprise to the Clarion.

Even with the amazing new gadgets that help to make driving automatic, it is necessary to turn when the road does.

Joe says he has eaten so much turkey since the advent of Christmas that his tail actually opens out like a gobbler's.

Appointment of Rt. Hon. R. B. Bennett as chairman of the London committee of the board of the Royal Bank of Canada has been announced.

Mr. Aberhart says the forthcoming session will be short. From which may be inferred, according to all precedents, that it will be a long one.

Before leaving for Calgary last week end, a number of the boys in khaki were dinner guests of Mr. J. A. Brusset at the Greenhill Grill.

The Clareholm Local Press remarks: "After two weeks of turkey diet, it sure seems nice to set one's teeth into a tender piece of beefsteak."

Coleman Canadians suffered another defeat on Wednesday night at Lethbridge, 3-2, administered by the Leafs. Coleman has had a tough uphill climb, because of lack of ice early in the season, but the boys still look forward to attaining a higher notch in the final league standing.

Don't worry if your job is small, And your rewards are few;

Remember that the mighty oak Was once a nut like you!

## COWLEY HAPPENINGS

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Smyth have returned from Calgary, where they spent the Yuletide with relatives and friends.

E. Verguin is a patient in the St. Vincent's hospital at Pincher Creek, where he underwent an operation for appendicitis on Thursday last.

A Red Cross meeting was held here on Saturday afternoon, when arrangements were made to hold a series of card parties to help raise funds to carry on the work.

An epidemic of colds has been going the rounds in this district, so that a local lady solicited a subscription from The Enterprise to the Clarion.

Eighty-eight miners are trapped in a mine blast at Bartley, West Virginia. Three miners were located two miles underground.

One local party has suggested that the original draft of the government treasury branch voucher was made in a kindergarten school.

Mr. and Mrs. William T. Beck left Bellevue last week to take up residence at Coalmont, B.C., near Vancouver, where Mr. Beck has accepted a position as fuel inspector.

The Enterprise, The Coleman Journal, and The Press in general, came in for reference in the harangue of a local district feminine Communist during the week. And there were a few listeners, but far fewer sympathizers.

A new form of cod fillets is being experimented with in England. These fillets are not salted or smoked, but are dried to a quarter of their bulk in fresh state. When soaked they return to their normal size. It is said they will keep almost indefinitely in the dry form.

Don't worry if your job is small, And your rewards are few;

Remember that the mighty oak Was once a nut like you!



"Never mind—  
we'll have  
DRIED  
OR PICKLED  
FISH  
for SUPPER"

• Even if that dauntless fisherman didn't have any luck, today, he can have fish for supper... and he will like it!

Your dealer can secure Dried or Pickled Canadian Fish for you no matter how far you are from open water.

You can choose from such Dried Fish as Cod, Haddock, Hake, Cusk, and Pollock, and such Pickled Fish as Herring, Mackerel and Alevines... and every one of them can be served in easy, different ways.

Enjoy this food in your home. You can get Dried or Pickled Canadian Fish with all its goodness retained for your enjoyment. Ask your dealer. You will find it very economical, too.

DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES,  
OTTAWA.

Ladies! WRITE FOR FREE BOOKLET

Department of Fisheries,  
Ottawa,  
Please send me your free 52-page booklet "100 Tanning Fish Recipes", containing 100 delicious and economical fish recipes.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address: \_\_\_\_\_

CW-30

ANY DAY A FISH DAY

WORLD HAPPENINGS  
BRIEFLY TOLD

The New Year holiday reaped a toll in the United States of one death by violence for every day in old 1939—a total of 365.

Mrs. George E. Jacques, 81, one of Calgary's first white women, is dead. She had been a resident of the city continuously for 38 years.

Using professional parachute jumpers for the experiment, the United States forest service is devising a system of dropping men in inaccessible areas to fight forest fires.

The Spanish government lifted its censorship of Spanish newspapers but announced that henceforth editors and writers would be held responsible for what they wrote and published.

The British expeditionary force was transported by ship aboard 17 ships of all types which made 400 trips. Sir John Gilmour, minister of shipping, said in an article published in the Shipping World:

Logging executives estimate November floods on Vancouver Island caused damages exceeding \$300,000 to logging operations when equipment, bridges and railway tracks were damaged.

A Moravian baron, said to have been on the payroll of both the British and German intelligence services, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment by a Zurich court for making Switzerland his espionage headquarters.

Hon. J. L. Ralston, finance minister, announced receipt of a cheque for \$20.85 representing a collection made by a group of Japanese fishermen at Lader, B.C., as a contribution toward Canada's war effort. Col. Ralston wrote a letter expressing the government's appreciation.

## Dogs Work in Belgium

## Humane Laws To Protect These Animals Are Very Strict

In Belgium, a small country with only an area of 11,752 square miles and a population of 8,330,959 there are according to a recent count well over 685,000 dogs. . . . That many dogs, as one might suppose, are not kept as pets but used to perform various kinds of work. . . . In most all of the provinces in Belgium, dogs are used to pull light carts of bread and milk and other commodities of the street peddler. . . . Strict humane laws protect the dogs. . . . One law provides that any dog pulling a cart must be harnessed in such a manner so that it can do its work and stop and rest its head on its paws.

In stormy weather, the driver of a cart must see to it that the dog is provided with a mat or blanket on which to lie down. . . . Dogs in Belgium are not only regarded as a man's best friend, but treated like one of the family. . . . They are provided with plenty of good food and better treated, perhaps, than most dogs in other parts of the world.

## British Lighthouses

## Keepers Are Supplied With Reading Matter Through Kindness Of Aviators

This war has one consolation for the men in lighthouses on Britain's rocky coasts. Men of the Royal Air Force Coastal Command drop newspapers, magazines and books as they fly over their daily patrols.

The fliers started supplying reading matter because the lighthouse keepers have to live a cheery life as the aircraft passed.

Before dropping his package, the pilot flies low over the "target," with engine throttled back, while the navigator waits at the open window with gifts. When the pilot shouts "Drop it," the parcel is dropped.

Sometimes packages slide off the rock into the sea and the lighthouse men fish them out. One keeper had a minute garden on which the pilots take pride in scoring a "direct hit."

## More Pronunciations

## Hard These Days To Know What Is Really Correct

We have been informed that the correct way of pronouncing Montevideo is "Monte-wi-dayo," with a "w" and not a "v," pronounced the middle paragraph. Why is it that the radio is insist on calling La Spezia, Italy, Leghorn after the popular chicken breed when the Italians know it by the softly euphonic name, "Livorno." Paris, France, is just Paris as spelled in English, but the French pronunciation is always given Calais, the loss of which once caused the heart of an English Queen to bleed.—St. Catharines Standard.

Not all women enjoy the radio. You see, it is all listening.

Not all kingfishers eat fish; some live on insects, lizards, and snakes.

## Airways Busy

Business In Major Producing Mines Has Been Factor

Fears that the outbreak of war would seriously cripple commercial air transportation business in the mining areas of Canada's vast north-west have proved groundless so far, according to commercial airmen.

When the war clouds broke over Europe early in September hard-rock miners predicted that many promising mines would be forced to suspend operations because of increased operating costs. Air transportation companies, majority of which rely on mineral products for their payloads, tightened their belts and waited for the drop in revenue.

But the anticipated depression has failed to materialize, say officials of Canadian Airways, Wings Limited and Starrart Airways and Transportation, Ltd., whose airplanes drone to the far stretches of the Arctic circle in northern Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba and to lonely James Bay points in northwestern Ontario.

"The war hasn't interfered with our business at all so far," they declared.

Surface mining gangs and prospecting parties have deserted the field in many districts, the bush fliers admitted, but this has been offset by increased activities in the major producing mines.

In some areas passenger service has improved with hostilities as Canada's military forces are augmented by rugged northern miners. This new source of revenue works both ways because the employees must be flown to the mines to replace those who have enlisted.

The call of the Royal Canadian Air Force, with its promise of new adventure in the air, has been answered by a number of bush pilots and aircraftmen. But this depletion in the ranks of experienced airmen has not impaired the efficiency of the bush companies, say their customers in the wilds of north of steel.

Instead, the vacancies have allowed many youthful air aspirants to become full-fledged pilots and engineers—positions which had eluded many of them in peace-time.

## Scene Of Earthquake

## One Of Turkey's Most Fertile And Productive Areas

The northern Anatolia region where a series of earthquakes have killed thousands and crumpled cities is one of Turkey's most fertile and productive areas.

Some of the cities hardest hit by the shocks are the new railway line, the final link of which was completed only last September.

Samandag, body of which has a population of 33,000 and is the largest of Turkey's Black sea ports. The National Geographic Society describes Erzincan, reported destroyed, as in the centre of plateau land, surrounded by orchards and gardens. A town of 20,000 persons, Erzincan's industries are chiefly cotton and silk processing. It has some military significance because of the location there of large barracks, a supply base and army hospital.

Sivas, another town shaken by the quakes, has a population of 34,000. In Roman times it was one of the leading cities of Asia Minor and during the 18th century it was the scene of a massacre when thousands of its defenders were buried alive by the Mongol conqueror, Tamerlane.

## Gophers Spread Plague

## Alberta Will Undertake Campaign To Eradicate Pest

Campbell to exterminate plague-carrying gophers from highly-infested sections of Alberta will be undertaken in the spring, declares E. H. Strickland, professor of entomology in the University of Alberta.

Gophers are carrying the same disease that we know as the bubonic or "black" plague in the 16th century, and which killed 25 per cent of Europe's population. One Albertan died from the disease last year.

Polson gas will be used to kill the rodents over a large area in southern districts of the province, in a campaign that is to be conducted jointly by the Dominion and provincial departments of health.

The gas will be fed into the gopher holes through long tubes.

## Cannon Salutes Cancelled

An order has been sent to all saluting points in Canada cancelling, for the duration of the war, all cannon salutes. This means the 10-gun vice-regal salute; customarily fired at the opening of the House of Commons, will be omitted when the house opens Jan. 25. Similarly salutes usually fired at the opening of the various provincial legislatures will be eliminated.

With the aid of their tentacle suction cups, gophers can lift 1,900 times their own weight.

## BACK BUTTONING JUMPER OUTFIT

By Anne Adams



This tiny "playgirl" waves to call your attention to her brand new frock—she's a sight to look at! And she's as trim as the day she was born. One kindergarten day to stitch up. For Anne Adams' Pattern 4314 is very simple as you can see by the picture. The back buttoning skirt has no side seaming—it's cut in only one piece. And there are but three pieces to the attractively shaped bodice. It measures 34 inches at the bust with the amount taken off all down the back. Don't miss the long and short sleeve blouse with a contrasting colored neckline and a darling trim. Owing to the picture, bloomers and a cockle little cap are included.

Pattern 4314 is available in child-size 4, 5, 6, 8 and 10. Size 6, jumper and cap takes 1 1/2 yards 35 inch fabric; short sleeve blouse, 1 1/2 yard contrast.

(Pattern 4314 cannot be accepted for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly Name, Address and Style Number and in order to Anne Adams' Pattern Dept., Wm. W. McDonald Ave. E., Winnipeg.

## Canadian Musical Composition

## Cash Awards Given By The Canadian Performing Rights Society

Stating that within the last two years upwards of 75 Canadians from every province in the Dominion have competed for the scholarships each year, the Canadian Performing Rights Society, H. T. Jamieson, president, announced the decision to offer similar awards this year.

He stated that the competition would be open to Canadians of either sex under 22 years of age and would close on March 1st, 1940. Applications for entry must be obtained from the Society's office in the Royal Bank Building, Toronto.

"During the past two years, ten awards have been made: three in British Columbia; three in Ontario; one in Quebec; one in Manitoba; one in New Brunswick; and one in Prince Edward Island," Mr. Jamieson said.

The Board of Adjudicators will be composed of Sir Ernest MacMillan, Mus. Doc., and Leo Smith, Mus. Bac., of the University of Toronto; Captain J. J. Gagnier, Mus. Doc., Mohrleay; Godfrey Hewitt, F.R.C.O., Ottawa; Hector Charlesworth, Toronto, and H. J. Jamieson, president of the Canadian Performing Rights Society.

## Collective Security

## Must Make To Protect The World Against Aggression

If there is to be democracy after the war is over, democracy must not be abandoned while the war is on. And when the end comes—the victory for democracy which the democracies anticipate—there must be something done to protect the world against a recurrence of the aggression which has caused the world to move now in progress. There must then be a new drive for the establishment of collective security. The democracies of the world will have to take the lead in the establishment of a league of nations—by whatever name it may be called—with powers to curb the ambitions of dictators and aggressors. In the meantime, the spirit of democracy must be respected, not suppressed, within the democracies themselves. The thing for which the war is fought abroad must not be lost at home.—Toronto Star.

## French Cavalry

## Reported To Be Doing Good Work

On The Western Front

The French cavalry, pronounced outmoded during the trench fighting of the first Great War, is doing its share of the work on the new western front.

Men on horseback have taken over scouting patrols in the man's land between the Maginot lines and have proved faster and more efficient than men on foot.

"The cavalry will never die," said a general commanding one of the French mounted divisions. "Wars always begin and end with breaches in the cavalry and horses can fill them better than men."

This general's division saw 15 days of action this fall on the northern flank of the front in the Moselle valley around Sierck and Peri, keeping contact with the enemy.

Patrols of six men each, carrying automatic rifles rode out ahead of the infantry and artillerymen. Their mission was to see that the fields and woods in front of the French lines were free and when they met the enemy to fall back and report to a command post.

During the German attack of Oct. 16 this division kept a check on the northern flank of the front in the Moselle valley around Sierck and Peri, keeping contact with the enemy.

The general said their losses were less than would have been suffered by infantry patrols and their reports were faster. They had the added advantage, he said, of being able to easily forward alone, whereas infantry has to cover its flanks.

## The Position Of Poland

## Drear And Bitterness Is The Lot Of The Average Pole

Despair and bitterness is the lot of the average Pole in the German-occupied areas of partitioned Poland.

Even by the swift events which took place with the suddenness of lightning all down the back. Don't miss the long and short sleeve blouse with a contrasting colored neckline and a darling little cap.

Elaborate frescoes and mosaics—stuck on drab pieces of marble, framed in simple frames and even whole rooms were among the evidence of splendid ancient structures unearthed in preparation for Rome's Universal exposition of 1942.

When these finds came to light scholars took charge of the excavating and something of the story told by the frescoes has been pieced together by Amy Bernardi, Italian lecturer.

These frescoes, in which gaily decorated boats sailed seas filled with dolphins, octopi and other marine life, indicated these ruins were of the Gardens of Caesar, a mile outside the walls of ancient Rome.

It was there, Miss Bernardi believes, that Caesar established Cleopatra, by whom he had a son, Caesarion.

Cesar brought the Queen of the Nile to Rome between 43 and 46 B.C. as a hostage. The Roman dispensed with her. So it was arranged she should live in seclusion outside the city.

Elaborate dwellings were built for her, or commanded, on the banks of the Tiber. Around her was the foreign colony of the day, composed largely of Egyptians, Greeks and Syrians.

Apparently she lived in luxury. There were frescoed rooms with heating apparatus, baths and temples. Remnants of glassware and pottery lamps were found, with figures of the Goddess of Fortune and her symbolic cornucopia on them.

The Egyptian gods, Isis and Serapis, appear on at least one boat in the many-colored frescoes. Images of racial, national or local divinities were painted commonly upon ancient vessels to designate their nationality.

One entire room from Cleopatra's supposed dwelling has been transported to the Terme museum in Rome.

The possibility of reconstructing the boudoir where she may have received Caesar among modern Egyptian gardens on the banks of the Tiber is under consideration. In any case, the temple of the Goddess of Fortune will be rebuilt for the 1942 exposition.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JANUARY 14

## THE PROBLEM OF FORGIVENESS

Golden text: Forgive us our debts; we also have forgiven our debtors. Matthew 6:12.

Lesson: Matthew 18:15-19:30. Devotional reading: Psalm 32:1-5.

## Explanations and Comments

Unlimited Forgiveness, Matthew 18:21, 22. Peter's question regarding the number of times must forgive an offender only followed Jesus' answer, "As many times as you are offended." Peter suggested, "With so many times?" Peter was worried that Jesus was asking him to forgive his sins a second time, but Jesus said, "I tell you not until seven times." Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"Until seven times?" Peter suggested. "With so many times?" Peter asked. "I tell you not until seven times." Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

"I tell you not until seven times," Jesus' answer is that it is time to forgive.

</



Rex E. Neve, Alberta government insurance inspector, was in town from Edmonton this week.

About the finest example of "progress in reverse" is to be found in Aberhart's treasury bank system.

Charles Ross Morrison, 67, former manager of the Edmonton Journal, died in Edmonton on Saturday last.

Mrs. Andy Wishart, of Hillcrest, visited her husband in Fernie over the holidays, and will make her home there.

Miss Marjorie Campbell has returned to the St. Hilda's School for Girls, after spending the Yuletide here with her parents.

Mr. J. J. Murray, who suffered a leg fracture in an auto accident a few weeks ago, has returned to his home in Frank from the Hillcrest hospital. He is reported making good progress.

The old lady met a young man in a gorgeous new uniform. "What rank does your uniform represent?" she asked. "I am a naval surgeon," he replied. "My, my, how young people do specialize."

Friends of Captain Hewitt, former officer in charge of the Salvation Army work in The Pass, will regret to learn of the passing of his father in Toronto. The captain is at present residing in that city.

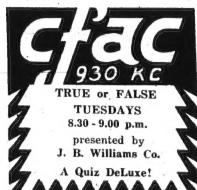
The man who handed his 1939 liquor permit to his wife, with the New Year's resolution that he would never use it again, wins the prize for New Year resolutions. A case of "ring out the old, ring in the new" permit.—Ex.

If you suffer from RHEUMATISM, CONSTITUTION, STOMACH or KIDNEY TROUBLE, NERVOUSNESS or from one of a host of other common ailments—

**Learn to Eat**  
If you want to be well and strong learn which foods poison your system which act as medicines; learn which foods are good for you. Against ARTHRITIS, ANEMIA, INDIGESTION or whatever your particular problem is... now, you, too, can learn these VITAL SECRETS in the privacy of home. Investigate this new, modern way to vibrant health and a happier life!

**FREE EXPLANATORY 20-PAGE  
Health Book**

Write today. No cost or obligation  
DOMINION HEALTH INSTITUTE  
328 Hargrave St., Winnipeg, Man.



## 450 B.C. IN ANCIENT EGYPT

The art of brewing was known and practised for many hundred years before the Christian era. 1,450 B.C., we are told that the Egyptians, being without vines, made a beer from corn. Pliny and Heronius inform us that the Egyptians are thought to have derived their taste for "Zythum" (meaning barley beer) "because it was necessary for human bodies."

**TODAY**

## MADE IN ALBERTA BEERS

RANK WITH THE  
FINEST BREWS  
in this  
MODERN WORLD!

**ORDER a CASE TODAY**

This advertisement is not inserted by the Alberta Liquor Control Board, or by the Government of the Province of Alberta.

They were skiing in Jasper Park and Finland during Christmas.

"Seek Liquor, Get Dynamite," says Headline. That often happens—Albertan.

Copies of the banned "Clarion" were distributed in Bellevue over the week end.

Leo wants to know how long girls should be courted. Well, the same as short ones, of course.

The Nazis are holding a tag day to raise funds to replace the pocket battleship Graf Spee.

Recruiting for reinforcements for Canadian Active Service Force units was resumed on Monday.

Wonder if a dividend of five cents to every person in Alberta right now would take as political bait?

John Luini is new agent for The Enterprise at Hillcrest. Orders entrusted to him will receive prompt attention.

After his quiet rest in the lower altitude at the coast, our premier has lost that tired feeling and is "all raring to go." Where?

In 1938 the consumption of paper and paper products per person per day was twelve times greater than the consumption of butter.

The world's biggest joke: Alberta's treasury houses will be prepared to help Alberta in the event of a federal financial crash. That idea is suggested by the smallest big man in the province.

Alberta citizens who bought licenses for private trailers for their personal use last year are going to get their money back. The fee was \$2.50 for two-wheeled trailers and \$5 for four-wheeled.

We thank Crows' Nest Pass Motors, Lethbridge Breweries, Crystal Dairy, Central Meat Market, Ralph-Clark-Stone, F. M. Thompson Co., Barber-Ellis Co., Dominion Printing Ink Co., Stove Co., Calgary Daily Herald, Imperial Bank of Canada (Natal), and others, for calendars for 1940.

The marriage took place at St. Patrick's church, Medicine Hat, on Wednesday morning, December 27th, of Marie, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Le Fort, of Medicine Hat, to Mr. Joseph Morris, son of Mr. and Mrs. David Morris, of Bellevue. Mr. and Mrs. Morris have taken up residence in Bellevue.

O. O. Davis, head of the commercial division of the Ford Motor Company of Canada Ltd., of Calgary, well known in this territory, was slightly injured when an airplane was forced to land in Kentucky on Sunday. He was enroute with others from Detroit to Foley, Alabama, when their plane ran into a severe snowstorm.

## Local and General Items

The Enterprise will be glad to receive items for this section regarding visitors, entertainments, parties, leaving for holidays or short trips, birthday parties, teas, showers, presentations, anniversaries, etc. Phone items in to 11 or hand them in at The Enterprise office not later than Thursday evenings.

Florin Gillain is a patient in the hospital.

Howard Nixon has been elected president of the Nanton board of trade.

Mayor E. Williams is attending the mine workers' convention at Calgary this week.

Weather very similar to that prevailing in Alberta maintains in the Maritime Provinces.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Idris Hayson at Bellevue on Wednesday of this week, January 10th.

Apostoli and Bettina will meet in a 15-round re-match at Madison Square Gardens on February 2nd.

Mr. A. C. Hazzard, representing the Ralph-Clark-Stone calendar people, was in town from Calgary during the week.

A woman down in Massachusetts has been warned that her dog will be destroyed unless its name, "Hitler," is changed.

The annual congregational meeting of the Blairmore United church will be held on Wednesday evening, January 24th, in the church auditorium.

Stalq and Hitler are advertising for specialists and experts. Alberta has some of that ilk that she could well let them have, and pay their carriage.

The New Glasgow Free Lance published a two-page industrial supplement on the opening of the New Year, to make good use of the first of the 366 days.

Under a probate court decision, Anne Laurine Dodge, former Gore Bay, Ontario, telephone operator, will receive \$1,250,000 from the estate of her husband, Daniel D. Dodge, who was fatally injured in 1938.

Two Canadian-born Japanese girls are studying dentistry and medicine at the University of Alberta with the idea of returning to Japan and practising on behalf of needy and suffering persons in that country.

Figures show that during the past season no less than 2,611 head of cattle, 23 horses, 1,571 sheep and 43 hogs were shipped out of Lundbreck via C.P.R. to market. Fewer cattle, but more sheep, were shipped via Pincher Station.

Some folks in The Pass are impressed with the idea that everyone connected with the newspaper game are liars. Even a local Communist lady gave that inference a few days ago at Frank. Well, The Enterprise is published by one W. J. Bartlett, possibly the greatest liar on earth. We love title—and boy, hand 'em out!

Baked stuffed fish is a delicious main dish that appears too seldom on most menus. The fish should be fairly thick to stuff nicely. Clean and wash and rub inside and outside with salt. Make a *lycra* stuffing. Fill cavity of fish and sew up. Line a baking pan with cooking paper, put in the fish and bake in a hot oven, reducing heat after 10 minutes, until done.

The League of Nations went to redeem itself when it expelled Imperial Russia—the first "Union of Socialist Soviet Republics"—on the 14th of December. The league's prompt and sensible decision marks a sharp departure from the dilatory and vacillating diplomatic procedure hitherto customary at Geneva. We must remember, however, that the process of interminable procrastination to which the league has been addicted in the past was the direct responsibility of the member states, and if there is a change now it is due to a change of outlook in the capitals of many nations, rather than at Geneva—*Labour Review*.

A cork substitute is being made from potato peelings in Germany.

They say that back that Ben Reddy carries on his back is chock full of goals.

Bill Granger returned to his school at Calgary, after spending the Christmas vacation with his parents here.

The doctor put a thermometer in the sweet young thing's mouth. Then she said: "Thank you. Have you a match?"

The Earl of Elgin has been mentioned as likely successor to Lord Tweedsmuir as governor-general of Canada.

A checkup made in Toronto revealed that every twentieth person entering a bank in that city did so to fill his fountain pen.

Human nature is what makes so many men prefer furnishing the inspiration for the work to be submitted to the perspiration required for its accomplishment.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. H. McLeod, of the Belgrave Inn, who was confined to his home through illness for a few days, is now back on the job.

The local I.O.D.E. will stage a Burns' Anniversary dance on the night of January 26th, in the Colum bus hall. See posters for further particulars.

H. E. Cummings, of Waterton Park, has been convicted of arson, following destruction of his residence by fire at the park, and sentenced to serve six months in Lethbridge jail.

They were arguing as to whether it was correct to say of a hen "she is sitting" or "she is setting." The question, the farmer claimed, didn't interest him at all. What he wanted to know was whether a hen was laying or lying when she cackled.

The golden rule appears in the New Testament, but thousands of American Jews showed that they understand it, and the meaning of tolerance, when they voted \$250,000 for relief of Christian refugees from war-torn lands—Christian Science Monitor.

A proud father walked into a local store the other day and said to the sales girl: "One dozen of your very best diapers." The lady, handing him the package, said: "That will be one dollar, also three cents for tax," to which he replied: "We use safety pins at our house."

A process to manufacture paper pulp from potato haulm on a large scale is reported from Berlin. Leaflets printed on paper made from potato-top fibre have been distributed to farmers, appealing to them not to burn the haulm in future, but to let it dry in the sun and then collect it for sale.

More than 225 representative Canadians will act on the national war-loan committee to sponsor Canada's first war loan of the present conflict, Finance Minister J. L. Ralston announced Tuesday. The national unity behind the country's first major war effort on the economic front is symbolized by the wide representation. Fourteen Alberta representatives include H. T. Halliwell, editor of The Coleman Journal and president of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association.

Roy Savage, 22-year-old Fernie youth, has been committed to stand trial at the May sitting of the criminal assizes for the murder of William Alexander Ingram, Fernie businessman, last November. The preliminary hearing was concluded at Fernie on Tuesday. A few hours after being committed for trial, Savage attempted to commit suicide in a cell of the Fernie jail. He is expected to recover. Two other Fernie youths, James Morgan and Walter Hale, have also been committed for trial on the same charge. Evidence against Morgan and Hale was almost identical with that given at the preliminary hearing of Roy Savage (or Whitehouse).

Parcels from Canada to troops in the United Kingdom will go at the rate of 12 cents a pound.

Albertans have about as much chance of getting interest-free loans as they have of collecting the dividends. Premier Aberhart promised when he was elected to power—Ex.

John Lewis Macdonald, 46, deputy sheriff of Inverness County, and brother of Premier Angus L. Macdonald of Nova Scotia, and of Judge William Macdonald, of Calgary, died at Inverness on Monday.

Mar Poy, who has been suffering from bloodpoisoning in one of his index fingers, bought a new index from The Enterprise on Monday morning. He is prepared to carry on in a way, though still being treated by Dr. Stewart.

Coleman appeared to be slightly outclassed by the visiting Turner Valley Oilers on Saturday night last. Following a Coleman two-goal lead early in the game, the Oilers puffed up to win 7-5 at the finish. A packed arena witnessed the game, which was full of thrills from start to finish. Overend and Gate handled the game.

## Boy Kept Awake All Night by HARD COUGH

Hept like a Top After One Dose  
of Buckley's Mixture

Mother, follow this lady's example and use Buckley's Mixture when any member of your family has a cold, grippe, bronchitis or whooping cough: She says—"Last night my son, aged 11, was coming toward me and said 'Mother, I am sick. I have a dose of Buckley's Mixture with honey and he slept the night through. This morning his cough is quite gone.'—Mother—Thank you, Q. Your experience will be just as satisfactory. Buckley's Mixture is the standby in 3 out of 5 Canadian homes. It eases the cough, not instantly, so that it may not interfere with air passages, helps correct over-acidity—relieves you of coughs and colds in record time."

OVER 10 MILLION BOTTLES SOLD!

**BUCKLEY'S**

## DENTISTRY

**R. K. Lillie, D.D.S., L.D.S.**  
Graduate N. U. D. S., Chicago  
HOURS:

Coleman—Morning 9 to 12  
Blairmore—Afternoon 1 to 6  
Evenings by Appointment

PHONES: Both Office 332—Residence 332.

**Shop Where You Are  
Invited to Shop**  
Every advertisement in this  
paper is a printed invitation  
to you. Obey that impulse.

## Let Us Demonstrate THE NEW 1940 CHEVROLET Combined Comfort - Economy - Style

WE CARRY  
PHILCO and WESTINGHOUSE RADIOS  
and Are Prepared to Give You First-Class Service

Grease - Oil - Gas - Anti-Freeze - Heaters

**CROWS' NEST PASS MOTORS**  
— CHEVROLET and OLDSMOBILE DEALERS —  
WESTINGHOUSE REFRIGERATORS

BLAIRMORE Phone 106

## LADIES' SUITS ARE MORE POPULAR THAN EVER

Have your Tailored Costume Measured and Fitted  
where Perfect Satisfaction is Assured

— PRICED AS LOW AS \$25.00 —

Hundreds of Samples to Choose From

**LADIES' TAILOR** — **J. E. UPTON** —  
BLAIRMORE Forty-Five Years in the Business  
GENTS' TAILOR  
ALBERTA